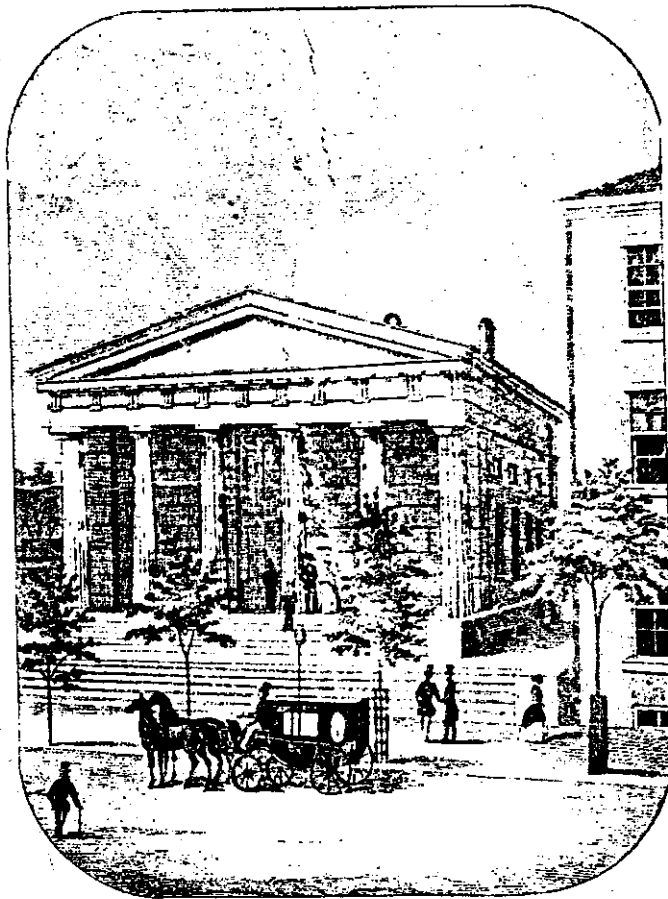


ERIE HISTORICAL

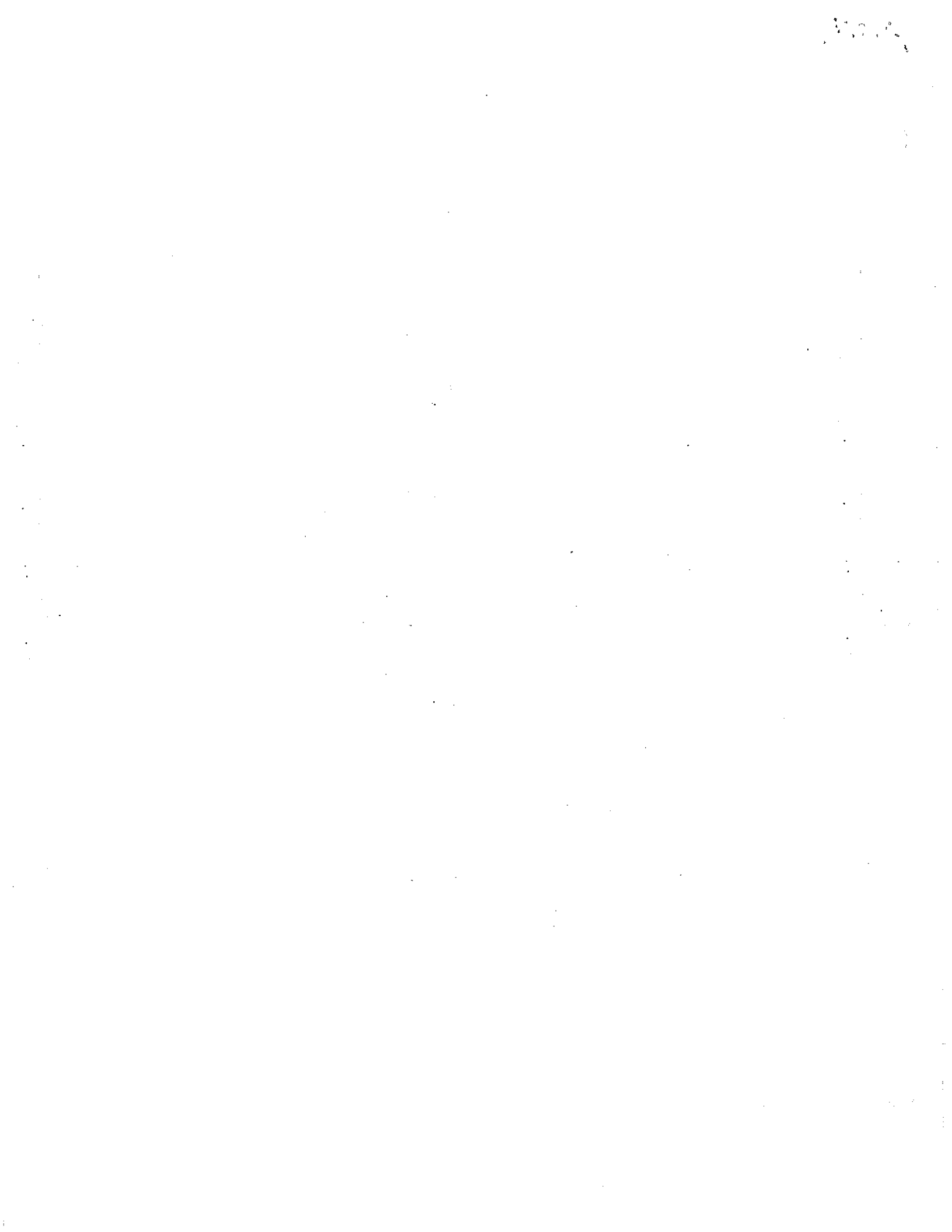


TRAIL

***French Creek Council, BSA
1815 Robison Road West
Erie, PA. 16509-4905***

814 - 868 5571





Historical Trails Program

The Historic Trails program of French Creek Council is aimed at providing an opportunity for Scouts and Scouters to learn about the historical character of the area, stimulate interest in history, stimulate interest in tradition, and to earn trail awards through challenging outdoor experience.

Four historic trails are maintained by the French Creek Council. Each is unique and as such the requirements for earning the awards are different.

PROCEDURE for HIKING the ERIE HISTORICAL TRAIL

a. One copy of the Erie Historical Trails Program booklet is furnished free upon request to all Scout units in French Creek Council. Additional copies are available to purchase at the Council Service Center.

b. The Unit Leader selects the date to hike the trail. The trail is open all year long, of course the fall, spring and summer months offer better hiking conditions and weather. The Unit Leader obtains either a Local Tour Permit (No. 34426) or a National Tour Permit (No. 34419), as applicable, completes an application and forwards it with the completed Tour Permit to:

French Creek Council, BSA, 1815 Robison Road West, Erie, PA. 16509-4905

c. The hike is to be completed in one day. It is recommended that you start around 9:00am. Estimated time to hike the trail is three or four hours.

d. Hikers must be in proper uniform, keep together as a group, respect property along the trail, and observe good hiking manners.

e. Upon completion of the trail, the Unit Leader files the application for trail awards along with the proper fees to French Creek Council, BSA

**French Creek Council, BSA
1815 Robison Road West
Erie, PA. 16509-4905**

**Telephone No. (814) 868 5571
FAX (814) 866 7514**

Erie Historical Trail

Early Erie History

The modern city of Erie gets its name from a little known but fierce band of savaged Indians, known as the Eriez. The Eriez nation was a small one, but had a reputation for ferocity. They were not considered clean fighters for among some of their major accomplishments was the poison arrow a weapon they developed to great proficiency. The earliest known contact between the Eriez and the white man was in the summer of 1615, when Etienne Brulet who was one of the explorer's great interpreters paid them a visit.

An Indian war broke out in 1653 and the Eriez suffered complete defeat against the Iroquois and fled to the Ohio River.

In 1753 the French Built Fort Presque Isle which was located a little east of the foot of Parade Street in present Erie.

Erie was laid out by General Andrew Ellicot, the first surveyor-general of the United States in 1795.

When war broke out in 1812, Erie was one of the few American settlements on Lake Erie. In the autumn of 1812, Daniel Dobbins began the construction of a fleet of gunboats under the direction of Commodore Perry. By August 4, 1813 the fleet left Erie and confronted the British Squadron on September 13, 1813 where Perry turned defeat into victory, and sending the famous message to General Harrison, "We have met the enemy and they are ours". In 1844, the Erie extension canal was completed and used until 1871.

Historical stops along the "Erie Historical Trail"

1. OLD LAND LIGHTHOUSE

Foot of Lighthouse Street - (814) 454 1813

The old lighthouse stands on the approximate site of 1818's first lighthouse on the Great Lakes. This is the third built here. The present having been erected in 1866, and the light remained lit every night until it was permanently darkened on December 26, 1899. The lens was lit by homemade candles and cast a beam of light 17 miles out on the lake.

QUESTION:

What is the date over the doorway of the present lighthouse?

2. SOLDIERS and SAILORS HOME

560 East Third Street

The Soldiers and Sailors Home was built to house the War Veterans of Pennsylvania. Upon the grounds of the home is the Wayne Blockhouse.

QUESTION:

What year was the home built?

3. GENERAL ANTHONY WAYNE BLOCKHOUSE

560 East Third Street - (814) 871 4531

One of the country's fiercest fighting men in Indian campaigns, commanding general of the Army of the United States died here from an attack of the gout. The famed Revolutionary War General breathed his last on December 15, 1796. His fleshy remains are buried in a simple grave at the foot of the flagpole which was his last request. But, his bones are at least 100 miles away in his ancestral home in Waynesboro, Pennsylvania, because thirteen years after the general died his son Cornel Isaac Wayne determined to bring his father's remains home, called Dr. J.C. Wallace to carry out the gruesome task of stripping the flesh from the body of Anthony Wayne. The bones were boiled in a large kettle to keep the body from decomposing on the trip home. The kettle is now displayed in the Erie Museum. The blockhouse where it now stands is over the gravesite.

QUESTION:

How many sides are on the second floor of the blockhouse?

4. FLAGSHIP NIAGARA

Foot of Holland Street - (814) 871 4596

This is one the most famous of all American Navel vessels. Commodore Perry's skillful handling of this vessel in the closing moments of the battle of Lake Erie gave the United States the victory over the British and gained control of the northwest territory.

QUESTION:

How many cannons does the Niagara carry?

5. DICKSON'S TAVERN

201 French Street - (814) 870 1385

The Dickson Tavern also known as the Perry Memorial House was built in 1809. Architecturally a splendid example of the period. It remains an example of excellent state of preservation.

Commodore Perry set up temporary headquarters here during the building of his fleet in 1813 and General LaFayette visited here in 1825. It was used as a station in the pre-Civil War underground railroad.

QUESTION:

How many years was the Perry Memorial House known as the Dickson Tavern?

6. FOURTH and FRENCH STREETS

On this spot, Judah Colt agent to the Pennsylvania Population Company on June 3rd, 1825 entertained the Marquis LaFayette, the former aid to General George Washington. It is said that a banquet was held in honor of LaFayette. There was no hall big enough to hold the banquet. A 170 foot bridge midway between State and French Streets was used instead. On Second Street tables were set up and upon them sails from the captured British fleet in the battle of Lake Erie were used as tablecloths for the occasion.

QUESTION:

In what war did LaFayette serve?

7. BOSTON STORE LIVERY and GARAGE

420 French Street

This is the last remaining building in the downtown area used for the livery trade and the site of the former LaFayette House.

QUESTION:

From 1916 to 1961 who owned this building?

8. STATUE of OLIVER HAZARD PERRY

French Street side of Perry Square

This monument commemorates the birth of the famous Admiral Oliver Hazard Perry.

QUESTION:

What famous saying is on this statue?

9. CASHIER'S HOUSE

417 State Street - (814) 454 1813

The Cashier's House was built in 1839 by the U.S. Bank of Philadelphia and it is distinguished by a handsome Doric entrance. It was originally built to house the cashier at the Customs House.

QUESTION:

Who now occupies the house?

10. OLD CUSTOM HOUSE

411 State Street - (814) 459 5477

This magnificent Greek Revival architecture structure was originally built as the U.S. Bank in 1837. The bank closed in 1840. It was then used as a post office, custom house, and GAR Hall. The facing steps and columns are of Vermont marble, floated here via the Old Erie Canal.

QUESTION:

How many columns face the front?

11. HOME OF HORACE GREELEY

416 State Street

Horace Greeley, the legendary editor of the New York Tribune and the one time Democratic candidate for President, resided here in 1830 and 1831. Greeley worked a few months as a printer on the old Erie Gazette and advised ambitious youths to, "Go west young man, go west." Then he moved on east to bigger and better things.

QUESTION:

What date was this tablet placed and by what organization?

12. STRONG MANSION

109 West Sixth Street

This magnificent building was constructed in the 1890's by European craftsmen for William L. Scott who was Erie's mayor. Scott gave the house to his daughter Annie, when she married Charles Strong, thus giving the house its present name. The house used to serve as Erie's grand ballroom in its finer time. Inside the building, there are two Pillars which won first prize in a 1875 art exhibition in Florence, Italy. The mansion was also designed by Senator Seth Reed.

QUESTION:

Who are the present occupants of the Strong Mansion?

13. ERIE CLUB

524 Peach Street

This is architecturally interesting for its Ionic portico. It was built 1849 by the grandson of Erie's first settler, Senator Seth Reed.

QUESTION:

What year was the Erie Club chartered?

14. ERIE COUNTY COURT HOUSE

140 West Sixth Street - 451 6000

The Erie County Court House is one of the most monumental and impressive buildings. It consists of two wings. The west wing was built in 1855. The east wing was built in 1929. Ask to sit in on one of the trials and learn how justice really works.

QUESTION:

Approximately how tall are the columns of the Court House?

15. ERIE PUBLIC MUSEUM

356 West Sixth Street - (814) 453 5811

This is an educational place to visit and learn of culture and history. Ask a member of the museum staff to show you the Perry room and the pot where (Mad) Anthony Wayne was boiled in. This section of the museum you will find very interesting.

QUESTION:

How many angels might you see looking at the front entrance way?

16. FIREFIGHTERS HISTORICAL MUSEUM

428 Chestnut Street - 456 5969

This building was the former home of early Erie Firehouse. It contains over 1300 items of firefighting historical memorabilia. It is open to the public.

QUESTION:

What was the number of this firehouse when it was in service.

17. CASCADE STREET SHIP YARD

West 6th and Cascade Streets

To the south of Cascade Street ship yard is the marker where the Niagara, the Lawrence, and the Ariel were built under the direction of Daniel Dobbins and Noah Brown, for use during the battle of Lake Erie.

QUESTION:

How many years after the battle of Lake Erie was the marker placed?

18. BOWSPRIT of USS WOLVERINE

Foot of State Street

The Wolverine formerly named the "Michigan" is a living lesson in iron ship building. A designed sample for the clipper ships that followed, a schooner with auxiliary steam-patrolled the peaceful lakes until 1924 when she was put out of commission. She was built at the foot of Peach Street where part of Perry's fleet was born just a generation before.

QUESTION:

How many years was the Wolverine in action?

other optional stops on the trail

GRIDLEY CIRCLE

1718 East Lake Road

Ancient and historical Spanish cannons commemorate the bravery of Captain Vernon Gridley who died shortly after the battle of Manila Harbor in the Philippines during the Spanish American War where Admiral Dewey opened the battle with the words, "You may fire when ready Captain Gridley". This was the first decisive move in making the United States a world power.

QUESTION:

What was the name of Gridley's flagship?

PRESQUE ISLE LIGHTHOUSE

Located on Presque Isle State Park

The construction of the Peninsula lighthouse was started in 1872 and operation started the following year. Its revolving lens is visible for sixteen miles out in the lake to serve navigation. Since 1951 no attendant has lived in the lonely life there. At one time supplies had to be carried two miles from the bay to the present location.

QUESTION:

What is the date on the lakeside wall of the building?

PERRY'S MONUMENT

Presque Isle State Park at Misery Bay

This memorial erected by the people of Erie in commemorating the hero of "Put-In-Bay", stands 101 feet in all its glory at Crystal Point guarding the entrance to Misery Bay.

QUESTION:

What are the two dates inscribed in Roman numerals on the monument?

Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide a comprehensive overview of the project's objectives and scope. It is intended for all stakeholders involved in the project, including the project team, sponsors, and other interested parties.

The project aims to deliver a high-quality solution that meets the needs of our customers and stakeholders. The key objectives of the project are:

- To identify and define the project's goals and objectives.
- To develop a detailed project plan and schedule.
- To allocate resources and manage the project budget.
- To monitor and control the project's progress.
- To communicate and report on the project's status.
- To manage risks and issues throughout the project lifecycle.

The project will be managed using a structured approach, following the principles of project management. The project manager will be responsible for leading the project team and ensuring the project is completed on time, within budget, and to the satisfaction of the stakeholders.

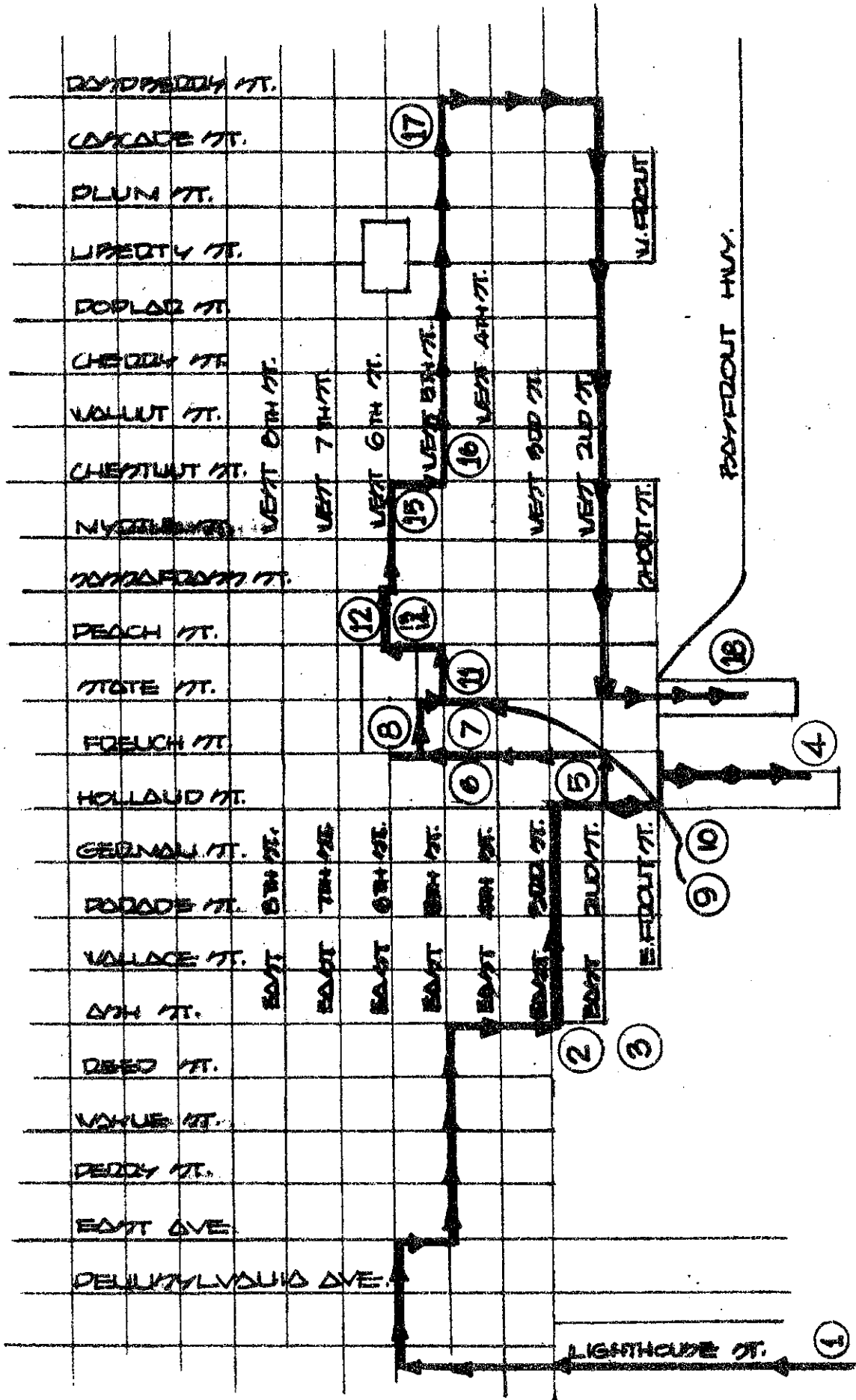
The project will be organized into phases, with each phase having specific tasks and deliverables. The project will be reviewed regularly to ensure it is on track and to address any issues that arise.

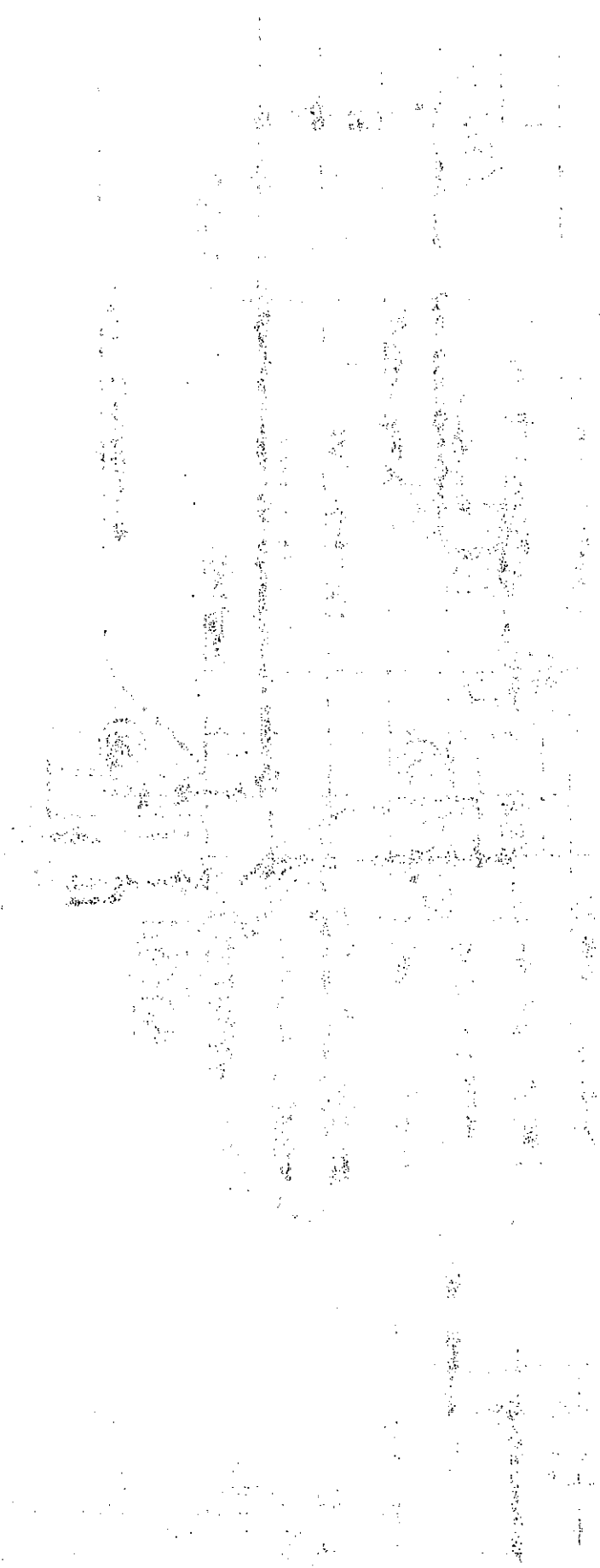
The project team will be composed of individuals with the necessary skills and experience to complete the project. The project manager will work closely with the team to ensure they have the resources and support they need to succeed.

The project will be communicated and reported on regularly to all stakeholders. This will ensure that everyone is kept up to date on the project's progress and any changes that may be required.

The project will be managed in a transparent and accountable manner, with all decisions and actions being documented and communicated to the relevant stakeholders.

The project will be completed on time, within budget, and to the satisfaction of the stakeholders. The project manager will ensure that the project is completed successfully and that all stakeholders are satisfied with the results.





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